

Online Safety Policy

February 2026

Prepared by: Acting Headteacher

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Next Review due by: February 2027

1. Aims

Our school aims to:

- › Have robust processes in place to ensure the online safety of pupils, staff, volunteers and governors
- › Identify and support groups of pupils that are potentially at greater risk of harm online than others
- › Deliver an effective approach to online safety, which empowers us to protect and educate the whole school community in its use of technology, including mobile and smart technology (which we refer to as 'mobile phones')
- › Establish clear mechanisms to identify, intervene and escalate an incident, where appropriate

The 4 key categories of risk

Our approach to online safety is based on addressing the following categories of risk:

- › **Content** – being exposed to illegal, inappropriate or harmful content, such as pornography, misinformation, disinformation (including fake news), conspiracy theories, racism, misogyny, self-harm, suicide, antisemitism, radicalisation and extremism
- › **Contact** – being subjected to harmful online interaction with other users, such as peer-to-peer pressure, commercial advertising and adults posing as children or young adults with the intention to groom or exploit the user for sexual, criminal, financial or other purposes
- › **Conduct** – personal online behaviour that increases the likelihood of, or causes, harm, such as making, sending and receiving explicit images (e.g. consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nudes and/or pornography), sharing other explicit images and online bullying; and
- › **Commerce** – risks such as online gambling, inappropriate advertising, phishing and/or financial scams

2. Legislation and guidance

This policy is based on the Department for Education's (DfE's) statutory safeguarding guidance, [Keeping Children Safe in Education](#), and its advice for schools on:

- › [Teaching online safety](#)
- › [Meeting digital and technology standards](#)
- › [Preventing and tackling bullying](#) and [cyber-bullying: advice for headteachers and school staff](#)
- › [Relationships and health education](#)
- › [Searching, screening and confiscation](#)

It also refers to the DfE's guidance on [protecting children from radicalisation](#).

It reflects existing legislation, including but not limited to the [Education Act 1996](#) (as amended), the [Education and Inspections Act 2006](#) and the [Equality Act 2010](#). In addition, it reflects the [Education Act 2011](#), which has given teachers stronger powers to tackle cyber-bullying by, if necessary, searching for and deleting inappropriate images or files on pupils' electronic devices where they believe there is a 'good reason' to do so.

The policy also takes into account the National Curriculum computing programmes of study.

3. Roles and responsibilities

3.1 The governing board

The governing board has overall responsibility for monitoring this policy and holding the headteacher to account for its implementation.

The governing board will make sure all staff undergo online safety training as part of child protection and safeguarding training, and ensure staff understand their expectations, roles and responsibilities around filtering and monitoring.

The governing board will also make sure all staff receive regular online safety updates (via email, e-bulletins and staff meetings), as required and at least annually, to ensure they are continually provided with the relevant skills and knowledge to effectively safeguard children.

The governing board will co-ordinate regular meetings with appropriate staff to discuss online safety and requirements for training, and monitor online safety logs as provided by the designated safeguarding lead (DSL).

The governing board will make sure that the school teaches pupils how to keep themselves and others safe, including online.

The governing board will make sure that the school has appropriate filtering and monitoring systems in place on school devices and school networks, and will regularly review their effectiveness. The board will review the [DfE's filtering and monitoring standards](#), and discuss with IT staff and service providers what needs to be done to support the school in meeting the standards, which include:

- › Identifying and assigning roles and responsibilities to manage filtering and monitoring systems
- › Reviewing filtering and monitoring provisions at least annually
- › Blocking harmful and inappropriate content without unreasonably impacting teaching and learning
- › Having effective monitoring strategies in place that meet the school's safeguarding needs

The governor who oversees online safety is the Chair of Governors

All governors will:

- › Make sure they have read and understand this policy
- › Agree and adhere to the terms on acceptable use of the school's ICT systems and the internet (appendix 3)
- › Make sure that online safety is a running and interrelated theme when devising and implementing the whole-school or college approach to safeguarding and related policies and/or procedures
- › Make sure that, where necessary, teaching about safeguarding, including online safety, is adapted for vulnerable children, victims of abuse and some pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND). This is because of the importance of recognising that a 'one size fits all' approach may not be appropriate for all children in all situations, and a more personalised or contextualised approach may often be more suitable

3.2 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for making sure that staff understand this policy, and that it is being implemented consistently throughout the school.

3.3 The designated safeguarding lead (DSL)

Details of the school's designated safeguarding lead (DSL) and deputies are set out in our child protection and safeguarding policy, as well as relevant job descriptions.

The DSL takes lead responsibility for online safety in school, in particular:

- › Supporting the headteacher in making sure that staff understand this policy and that it is being implemented consistently throughout the school
- › Working with the headteacher and governing board to review this policy annually and make sure the procedures and implementation are updated and reviewed regularly

- › Taking the lead on understanding the filtering and monitoring systems and processes in place on school devices and school networks
- › Providing governors with assurance that filtering and monitoring systems are working effectively and reviewed regularly
- › Working with the ICT manager to make sure the appropriate systems and processes are in place
- › Working with the headteacher, ICT manager and other staff, as necessary, to address any online safety issues or incidents
- › Managing all online safety issues and incidents in line with the school's child protection policy
- › Responding to safeguarding concerns identified by filtering and monitoring
- › Making sure that any online safety incidents are logged and dealt with appropriately in line with this policy
- › Making sure that any incidents of cyber-bullying are logged and dealt with appropriately in line with the school behaviour policy
- › Updating and delivering staff training on online safety
- › Liaising with other agencies and/or external services if necessary
- › Providing regular reports on online safety in school to the headteacher and/or governing board
- › Undertaking annual risk assessments that consider and reflect the risks pupils face
- › Providing regular safeguarding and child protection updates, including online safety, to all staff, at least annually, in order to continue to provide them with relevant skills and knowledge to safeguard effectively

This list is not intended to be exhaustive.

3.4 The ICT manager

The ICT manager is responsible for:

- › Putting in place an appropriate level of security protection procedures, such as filtering and monitoring systems on school devices and school networks, which are reviewed and updated at least annually to assess effectiveness and make sure pupils are kept safe from potentially harmful and inappropriate content and contact online while at school, including terrorist and extremist material
- › Making sure that the school's ICT systems are secure and protected against viruses and malware, and that such safety mechanisms are updated regularly
- › Conducting a full security check and monitoring the school's ICT systems on a regular basis
- › Blocking access to potentially dangerous sites and, where possible, preventing the downloading of potentially dangerous files
- › Making sure that any online safety incidents are logged on myconcern and dealt with appropriately in line with this policy
- › Making sure that any incidents of cyber-bullying are dealt with appropriately in line with the school behaviour policy

This list is not intended to be exhaustive.

3.5 All staff and volunteers

All staff, including contractors and agency staff, and volunteers are responsible for:

- › Maintaining an understanding of this policy
- › Implementing this policy consistently

- › Agreeing and adhering to the terms on acceptable use of the school's ICT systems and the internet (appendix 2), and making sure that pupils follow the school's terms on acceptable use (appendix 1)
- › Knowing that the DSL is responsible for the filtering and monitoring systems and processes, and being aware of how to report any incidents of those systems or processes failing by informing the ICT manager.
- › Working with the DSL to make sure that any online safety incidents are logged in myconcern and dealt with appropriately in line with this policy
- › Making sure that any incidents of cyber-bullying are dealt with appropriately in line with the school behaviour policy
- › Responding appropriately to all reports and concerns about sexual violence and/or harassment, both online and offline, and maintaining an attitude of 'it could happen here'

This list is not intended to be exhaustive.

3.6 Parents/carers

Parents/carers are expected to:

- › Notify a member of staff or the headteacher of any concerns or queries regarding this policy
- › Make sure that their child has read, understood and agreed to the terms on acceptable use of the school's ICT systems and internet (appendices 1 and 2)

Parents/carers can seek further guidance on keeping children safe online from the following organisations and websites:

- › What are the issues? – [UK Safer Internet Centre](#)
- › Help and advice for parents/carers – [Childnet](#)
- › Parents and carers resource sheet – [Childnet](#)

3.7 Visitors and members of the community

Visitors and members of the community who use the school's ICT systems or internet will be made aware of this policy and expected to read and follow it. If appropriate, they will be expected to agree to the terms on acceptable use.

4. Educating pupils about online safety

4.1 Pupils will be taught about online safety as part of the curriculum

All schools have to teach:

- › [Relationships education and health education](#) in primary schools
- › [Relationships and sex education and health education](#) in secondary schools

In **Key Stage (KS) 1**, pupils will be taught to:

- › Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private
- › Identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies

By the **end of primary school**, pupils will know:

- › That the internet can be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health

- › That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not
- › That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others, including when we are anonymous
- › The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them
- › How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met
- › How information and data are shared and used online
- › How to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted
- › What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)
- › How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know
- › The benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing
- › Why social media, computer games and online gaming have age restrictions and how to manage common difficulties encountered online
- › How to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private
- › Where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online

The safe use of social media and the internet will also be covered in other subjects where relevant.

Where necessary, teaching about safeguarding, including online safety, will be adapted for vulnerable children, victims of abuse and some pupils with SEND.

4.2 Pupils will be taught practical cyber security skills

All pupils will receive age-appropriate training on safe internet use, including:

- › Methods that hackers use to trick people into disclosing personal information
- › Password security
- › Social engineering
- › The risks of removable storage devices (e.g. USBs)
- › Multi-factor authentication
- › How to report a cyber incident or attack
- › How to report a personal data breach

Pupils will also receive age-appropriate education on safeguarding issues such as cyberbullying and the risks of online radicalisation.

5. Educating parents/carers about online safety

The school will raise parents/carers' awareness of internet safety in letters or other communications home, and in information via our website. This policy will also be shared with parents/carers.

Online safety will also be covered during parents' evenings.

The school will let parents/carers know:

- › What systems the school uses to filter and monitor online use
- › What their children are being asked to do online, including the sites they will be asked to access and who from the school (if anyone) their child will be interacting with online

If parents/carers have any queries or concerns in relation to online safety, these should be raised in the first instance with the headteacher or a DSL.

Concerns or queries about this policy can be raised with any member of staff or the headteacher.

6. Cyber-bullying

6.1 Definition

Cyber-bullying takes place online, such as through social networking sites, messaging apps or gaming sites. Like other forms of bullying, it is the repetitive, intentional harming of 1 person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power. (See also the school behaviour policy.)

6.2 Preventing and addressing cyber-bullying

To help prevent cyber-bullying, we ensure that our children, at an age-appropriate level, understand what it is and what to do if something online makes them feel worried, upset or unsafe. As an Infant and Nursery School, our approach focuses on helping children recognise trusted adults, understand kindness and respect (both online and offline), and know that they should always tell an adult if something concerns them.

We teach children simple, clear messages such as:

- Always tell a grown-up if something online makes you feel uncomfortable.
- Be kind in the way you speak and act.
- Do not share personal information.
- If you see something unkind, tell an adult.

Class teachers regularly discuss online safety, including cyber-bullying, within their classes through circle times, stories, role play and PSHE lessons. In Nursery and Reception, this is delivered through carefully planned adult-led discussions and continuous provision, while in Key Stage 1 it is reinforced through structured PSHE and computing lessons.

Teaching staff use opportunities across the curriculum to reinforce online safety messages, particularly within PSHE, computing and during themed events such as Safer Internet Day. We focus on building children's understanding of respectful behaviour, empathy and the importance of speaking up.

All staff, governors and volunteers (where appropriate) receive safeguarding training which includes awareness of online safety and cyber-bullying, enabling them to recognise concerns and respond appropriately.

We work closely with parents and carers to promote safe online habits. Information, guidance and updates are shared through newsletters, workshops and the school website so families understand:

- The signs that a child may be worried about something online
- How to report concerns
- How to support safe and age-appropriate use of devices at home

If a specific incident of cyber-bullying occurs, the school will follow the procedures set out in the Behaviour Policy and Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy. We will take swift action to support the child involved and to address the behaviour appropriately.

Where illegal, inappropriate or harmful material has been shared, the school will take all reasonable steps to contain the incident. The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) will report the matter to the police if there are reasonable grounds to believe that a criminal offence may have been committed and will work with external agencies where necessary.

6.3 Examining electronic devices and searching

At Feltham Hill Infant and Nursery School, pupils are not permitted to bring personal electronic devices (including mobile phones, smart watches with communication capability, tablets or similar devices) onto the school site.

If a pupil is found to have brought an electronic device into school, it will be confiscated and securely stored until it can be collected by a parent or carer.

The headteacher, or a member of staff authorised by the headteacher, may search for and confiscate an electronic device where they have reasonable grounds to suspect that:

- The pupil has brought a device into school contrary to school rules
- The device poses a risk to pupils or staff
- The device may contain material that is harmful, inappropriate or illegal
- The device may contain evidence relating to a suspected offence

Before carrying out a search, staff will:

- Assess the urgency of the situation and any potential risk to pupils or staff. If the situation is not urgent, advice will be sought from the headteacher or DSL.
- Explain to the child, in an age-appropriate way, why the search is taking place and what will happen.
- Seek the child's co-operation.

Searches will be conducted in a manner that is proportionate, sensitive and appropriate to the age of the child.

Examining Electronic Devices

In the unlikely event that a device is confiscated, authorised staff may examine data or files on the device if there is a good reason to do so. A 'good reason' would include reasonable suspicion that the device has been used, or could be used, to:

- Cause harm
- Undermine the safe environment of the school
- Disrupt learning
- Commit a criminal offence

If inappropriate material is identified, the staff member will consult immediately with the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or headteacher to determine the appropriate response. Safeguarding considerations will always take priority.

Where staff reasonably suspect that material may constitute evidence of a criminal offence, the content will not be deleted, and the device will be handed to the police as soon as reasonably practicable.

If staff suspect that a device contains an indecent image of a child (a nude or semi-nude image), they will:

- Not view the image
- Confiscate the device
- Report the matter immediately to the DSL

The DSL will take action in line with the most recent DfE guidance on Searching, Screening and Confiscation and UKCIS guidance on sharing nudes and semi-nudes.

Guidance and Complaints

Any searching of pupils will be carried out in accordance with:

- The DfE guidance on Searching, Screening and Confiscation
- UKCIS guidance on sharing nudes and semi-nudes
- The school's Behaviour Policy and Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy

Any complaints relating to searching or confiscation will be dealt with in line with the school's Complaints Procedure.

6.4 Artificial intelligence (AI)

Generative AI tools are becoming increasingly common and accessible. Some parents and older siblings may be familiar with tools such as ChatGPT or Google Gemini. However, due to the age of our pupils (Nursery to Year 2), children at Feltham Hill Infant and Nursery School are highly unlikely to access or independently use generative AI tools.

While our pupils do not use AI tools in school, we recognise that:

- Some children may encounter AI-generated content at home via shared family devices.
- Images, videos or voice content created using AI (sometimes referred to as “deepfakes”) could be shared more widely online and may impact children or families.

Given the age of our children, our preventative work focuses on:

- Teaching simple online safety rules.
- Helping children understand that not everything online is real.
- Encouraging children to tell a trusted adult if something they see makes them feel worried or confused.

Any use of technology — including AI — to upset, harm or target a pupil will be treated seriously in line with the school's Behaviour Policy and Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy.

Staff Use of AI

Staff may use AI tools for professional purposes, such as supporting planning or generating ideas. However:

- AI tools must not be used to process or input any personal, confidential or identifiable pupil information.
- Staff must follow school data protection and safeguarding procedures at all times.
- Where new AI tools are introduced for educational purposes, a risk assessment will be undertaken to consider safeguarding, data protection and age-appropriateness.

Governors and leaders will continue to monitor national guidance to ensure that the school's approach remains safe, proportionate and appropriate for an Infant and Nursery setting.

7. Acceptable use of the internet in school

All pupils, parents/carers, staff, volunteers and governors are expected to sign an agreement regarding the acceptable use of the school's ICT systems and the internet (appendices 1 to 3). Visitors will be expected to read and agree to the school's terms on acceptable use, if relevant.

Use of the school's internet must be for educational purposes only, or for the purpose of fulfilling the duties of an individual's role.

We will monitor the websites visited by pupils, staff, volunteers, governors and visitors (where relevant) to ensure they comply with the above and restrict access through filtering systems where appropriate.

More information is set out in the acceptable use agreements in appendices 1 to 3.

8. Pupils using mobile devices in school

Due to the age of our pupils (Nursery to Year 2), children are not permitted to bring mobile phones, smart watches with communication capability, tablets or other personal electronic devices into school.

If a pupil does bring a device onto the school site, it will be confiscated immediately and stored securely in the school office. The device must then be collected by a parent or carer.

Pupils do not use personal mobile devices during:

- Lessons
- Continuous provision (including Nursery and Reception)
- Lunchtimes
- Clubs or wraparound provision
- Educational visits

As pupils do not routinely bring devices into school, an acceptable use agreement relating to personal mobile devices does not apply to pupils. However, all pupils are taught age-appropriate online safety as part of the curriculum.

Any breach of this expectation will be managed in line with the school's Behaviour Policy, and safeguarding procedures will be followed where appropriate.

9. Staff using work devices outside school

All staff members will take appropriate steps to ensure their devices remain secure. This includes, but is not limited to:

- > Keeping the device password-protected – strong passwords can be made up of [3 random words](#), in combination with numbers and special characters if required, or generated by a password manager
- > Ensuring their hard drive is encrypted – this means if the device is lost or stolen, no one can access the files stored on the hard drive by attaching it to a new device
- > Making sure the device locks if left inactive for a period of time
- > Not sharing the device among family or friends
- > Installing anti-virus and anti-spyware software
- > Keeping operating systems up to date by promptly installing the latest updates

Staff members must not use the device in any way that would violate the school's terms of acceptable use, as set out in appendix 3.

Work devices must be used solely for work activities.

If staff have any concerns over the security of their device, they must seek advice from the ICT manager.

10. How the school will respond to issues of misuse

Where a pupil misuses the school's ICT systems or internet, we will follow the procedures set out in our policies on behaviour and ICT and internet acceptable use. The action taken will depend on the individual circumstances, nature and seriousness of the specific incident, and will be proportionate.

Where a staff member misuses the school's ICT systems or the internet, or misuses a personal device where the action constitutes misconduct, the matter will be dealt with in accordance with the staff code of conduct. The action taken will depend on the individual circumstances, nature and seriousness of the specific incident.

The school will consider whether incidents that involve illegal activity or content, or otherwise serious incidents, should be reported to the police.

11. Training for staff, governors and volunteers

All new staff members will receive training, as part of their induction, on safe internet use and online safeguarding issues, including cyber-bullying and the risks of online radicalisation.

All staff members will receive refresher training at least once each academic year as part of safeguarding training, as well as relevant updates as required (for example through emails, e-bulletins and staff meetings).

By way of this training, all staff will be made aware that:

- › Technology is a significant component in many safeguarding and wellbeing issues, and that children are at risk of online abuse
- › Children can abuse their peers online through:
 - Abusive, threatening, harassing and misogynistic messages
 - Non-consensual sharing of indecent nude and semi-nude images and/or videos, especially around chat groups
 - Sharing of abusive images and pornography, to those who don't want to receive such content
- › Physical abuse, sexual violence and initiation/hazing type violence can all contain an online element

Training will also help staff:

- › Develop better awareness to assist in spotting the signs and symptoms of online abuse
- › Develop the ability to ensure pupils can recognise dangers and risks in online activity and can weigh up the risks
- › Develop the ability to influence pupils to make the healthiest long-term choices and keep them safe from harm in the short term

The DSL and deputies will undertake child protection and safeguarding training, which will include online safety, at least every 2 years. They will also update their knowledge and skills on the subject of online safety at regular intervals, and at least annually.

Governors will receive training on safe internet use and online safeguarding issues as part of their safeguarding training.

Volunteers will receive appropriate training and updates, if applicable.

More information about safeguarding training is set out in our child protection and safeguarding policy.

12. Monitoring arrangements

The DSL logs behaviour and safeguarding issues related to online safety on myconcern.

This policy will be reviewed every year by the Headteacher. At every review, the policy will be shared with the governing board. The review (such as the one available [here](#)) will be supported by an annual risk assessment that considers and reflects the risks pupils face online. This is important because technology, and the risks and harms related to it, evolve and change rapidly.

13. Links with other policies

This online safety policy is linked to our:

- › Child protection and safeguarding policy
- › Behaviour policy
- › Staff Code of Conduct
- › Data protection policy and privacy notices
- › Complaints procedure
- › ICT and internet acceptable use policy

Appendix 1: EYFS and KS1 acceptable use agreement (parents/carers)

ACCEPTABLE USE OF THE SCHOOL'S ICT SYSTEMS AND INTERNET: AGREEMENT FOR PARENTS/CARERS – ON ADMISSION FORM

Parent/carer agreement: I agree that my child can use the school's ICT systems and internet when appropriately supervised by a member of school staff. I agree to the conditions set out above for pupils using the school's ICT systems and internet, and will make sure my child understands these.

Appendix 2: acceptable use agreement (staff, governors, volunteers and visitors)

ACCEPTABLE USE OF THE SCHOOL'S ICT SYSTEMS AND INTERNET: AGREEMENT FOR STAFF, GOVERNORS, VOLUNTEERS AND VISITORS	
Name of staff member/governor/volunteer/visitor:	
<p>When using the school's ICT systems and accessing the internet in school, or outside school on a work device (if applicable), I will not:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Access, or attempt to access inappropriate material, including but not limited to material of a violent, criminal or pornographic nature (or create, share, link to or send such material) • Use them in any way that could harm the school's reputation • Access social networking sites or chat rooms • Use any improper language when communicating online, including in emails or other messaging services • Install any unauthorised software, or connect unauthorised hardware or devices to the school's network • Share my password with others or log in to the school's network using someone else's details • Take photographs of pupils without checking with teachers first • Share confidential information about the school, its pupils or staff, or other members of the community • Access, modify or share data I'm not authorised to access, modify or share • Promote private businesses, unless that business is directly related to the school 	
<p>I will only use the school's ICT systems and access the internet in school, or outside school on a work device, for educational purposes or for the purpose of fulfilling the duties of my role.</p> <p>I agree that the school will monitor the websites I visit and my use of the school's ICT facilities and systems.</p> <p>I will take all reasonable steps to ensure that work devices are secure and password-protected when using them outside school, and keep all data securely stored in accordance with this policy and the school's data protection policy.</p> <p>I will let the designated safeguarding lead (DSL) and ICT manager know if a pupil informs me they have found any material that might upset, distress or harm them or others, and will also do so if I encounter any such material.</p> <p>I will always use the school's ICT systems and internet responsibly, and ensure that pupils in my care do so too.</p>	
Name: Signed: (staff member/governor/volunteer/visitor):	Date: